

एनबीसी/एस/4.5 एवं 4.5(ए)/2022/16.33 दिनांक:10.08.2022

NBC/S/4.5 & 4.5(A)/2022/ / 6 33 Date: 10.08.2022

प्रबंधक/The Manager बीएसई लिमिटेड/BSE Limited, फीरोज जीजीभोय टावर्स/Phiroj Jeejeebhoy Towers, दलाल स्ट्रीट/Dalal Street, मुम्बई/MUMBAI- 400 001 स्क्रिप कोड/Scrip Code: 532234

प्रबंधक/The Manager अनुसूचन विभाग/Listing Department नेशनल स्टॉक एक्सचेंज ऑफ इंडिया लि., National Stock Exchange of India Ltd., एक्सचेंज प्लाजा, बांद्रा-कुर्ला कम्प्लेक्स, Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex, बांद्रा ईस्ट/Bandra East, मुम्बई/MUMBAI-400 051

प्रतीक/Symbol: NATIONALUM

विषय: <u>30.06.2022</u> को समाप्त तिमाही के अन-अंकेक्षित वित्तीय (स्टैंडअलोन एवं समेकित) परिणामों के समाचार पत्र प्रकाशन।

Sub: Newspaper Publication of Unaudited Financial Results (Standalone & Consolidated) for the quarter ended 30.06.2022.

महोदय/Dear Sir,

हमारे पत्र दिनांक 08.08.2022 के संदर्भ में 30.06.2022 को समाप्त तिमाही के अन-अंकेक्षित वित्तीय (स्टैंडअलोन एवं समेकित) परिणामों, अंग्रेजी में "बिज़नेस लाइन" और ओडिया में "धरित्री" में 09.08.2022 को प्रकाशित अखबार प्रकाशन कृपया संलग्न पाएं।

Further to our letter dated 08.08.2022, please find enclosed copies of the newspaper clippings of the Unaudited Financial Results (Standalone & Consolidated) for the quarter ended 30.06.2022 published in "Business Line" in English and "Dharitri" in Odia languages on 09.08.2022.

आपकी जानकारी और अभिलेख हेतु/This is for your information and record.

धन्यवाद/Thanking you,

भवदीय/Yours faithfully, कृते नेशनल एल्यूमिनियम कंपनी लिमिटेड for National Aluminium Co. Ltd.

(एन. के. महान्ति)

(N.K. Mohanty) समूह महाप्रबंधक एवं कंपनी सचिव और अनुपालन अधिकारी GGM & Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Encl.: as above/ संलग्न

नेशनल एल्यूमिनियम कम्पनी लिमिटेड (भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

National Aluminium Company Limited
(A Government of India Enterprise)
REGD. & CORPORATE OFFICE

Nalco Bhawan, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-751013,India

CIN # L27203OR1981GOI000920

ning Mills Association (TASMA).

Initial reports say the crop con-

dition in central, western and

southern regions is robust. How-

ever, in Maharashtra and parts of

the northern States of Punjab,

Haryana and Rajasthan there are

concerns over some damage fol-

lowing extended moist weather

and the appearance of pink

Rajkot-based cotton, yarn and

cotton waste trader Anand Pop-

pat said the damage due to ex-

cessive rainfall may be minimal

and in some areas, farmers

area is 25.04 lh (22.22 lh). The cot-

the coverage has surged by 46

per cent to 7.39 lh. In States such

as Gujarat, farmers have

switched over from groundnut

"What we need now is favour-

able weather with good sunny

days in the North and no rains

during October-November,"

In Karnataka, where there has

been a sharp rise in acreage, sow-

ing has increased for both long

staple and medium staple variet-

ies. "Looking to the present scen-

ario of the overall crop sowing

and sesame seeds to cotton.

In Gujarat, No 1 producer, the

31 per cent to Outlook

Kharif

could go in for resowing.

ton acreage in

Andhra Pradesh

has jumped by

4.67 lh, whereas

Karnataka

Outlook positive

said Ganatra.

bollworm.

Damage in Maharashtra

Record prices lift cotton acreage

Weather holding good, production could top 375 lakh bales: Stakeholders

RUTAM VORA

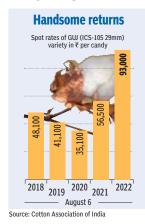
Backed by a five-year high acreage. India's cotton production in the coming season (October 2022-September 2023) will likely be around 375 lakh bales (of 170 kg each) but the weather Gods will have to be kind for that to

Record prices for kapas (raw cotton) right from the beginning of the current season have attracted more farmers to the natural fibre. Against the minimum support price (MSP) of ₹5,726 a quintal, farmers received as high as ₹12,500 at one time. However, for the most part of the season, prices have hovered around ₹9,000. For the next season, the MSP has been fixed at ₹6,080.

According to Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare data, the area under cotton as of August 5 was 121.13 lakh hectares (lh) compared with 113.51 lh during the same period a year ago.

Unseasonal rains impact

This sets the tone for cotton production to be higher but stakeholders are a little wary of rains during October-November. Last year, unseasonal rains during October-November resulted in the crop being affected and its quality deteriorating. There is a lurking fear of pest attacks, too.



| Progressive cotton sowing till Aug 4, 2022 (in lakh ha) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| State | Normal area | 2022- 2023 | 2021- 2022 | 2020 2021 | | | | | | |
| Maharashtra | 39.16 | 41.72 | 38.74 | 41.19 | A Barre | | | | | |
| Gujarat | 22.92 | 25.04 | 22.22 | 22.16 | | | | | | |
| Telangana | 18.19 | 19.98 | 20.18 | 21.71 | | | | | | |
| Karnataka | 3.87 | 7.39 | 5.07 | 4.69 | | | | | | |
| Rajasthan | 5.81 | 6.47 | 5.99 | 6.74 | | | | | | |
| Haryana | 6.84 | 6.50 | 6.88 | 7.37 | | | | | | |
| Madhya Pradesh | 5.84 | 5.99 | 6.00 | 6.23 | | | | | | |
| Andhra Pradesh | 3.37 | 4.67 | 3.56 | 4.24 | 图 图 图 图 图 | | | | | |
| Punjab | 2.88 | 2.48 | 2.54 | 3.00 | F. 4 4 7 19 | | | | | |
| Odisha | 1.56 | 2.08 | 1.88 | 1.66 | Property and an artist of | | | | | |
| All India | 110.74 | 121.12 | 113.5 | 119.24 | 你可以 | | | | | |
| Source: Ministry of Agricult | ure. Govern | ment of India | 1 | | | | | | | |

Jagdish Magan, a farmer from Morbi district in Gujarat, has increased his cotton acreage by 1.5

times this year. "We got good returns last year. This year the climate has been

supportive so far. And if it remains good throughout, we expect good returns," he said, adding that he has cultivated cotton on 35 bigha (about 17 acres of land) this year against 20 bigha (about 10 acres) last

Though prices looked like dropping a couple of weeks ago, defaults in imports have resulted in domestic prices heading north again.

100% higher than MSP

Atul Ganatra, President of the Cotton Association of India (CAI), said: "Cotton prices this season were about 100 per cent higher than the MSP. There is no such crop where farmers will get a price 100 per cent higher than

"Even though there was a setback to the output, the returns were very high. Farmers got attracted to the high returns,' Ganatra said, adding that the crop appears "fantastic at present," with a likelihood of a crop size to be about 375-380 lakh bales (each of 170 kg).

"The crop will be higher this vear, but there should not be any heavy rain in October like last year. If such a thing recurs, then it could damage production prospects," said K Venkatachalam, Chief Advisor, Tamilnadu Spin-

seems to be very positive and the present status of the crop prospects is very much encouraging. If everything goes well and climatic conditions favour, we feel this year we will get a record crop," said Ramanuj Das Boob, of Bankatlal Boob Cottons Pvt Ltd in Raichur, Karnataka.

In Telangana, the third-largest grower, sowing has been completed on about 18.40 lh so far, even though it appears a tad lower than 20.23 lh a year ago. There is a likelihood of farmers going for more planting once the rains and floods abate.

Pink bollworm concerns

In Andhra Pradesh, farmers have crossed the normal sowing numbers as they planted the crop on 4.67 lh against the as-ondate acreage of 3.56 lh.

In Maharashtra, the second largest in cultivating cotton, Marathwada and Vidarbha are the two major cotton-growing regions. The first round of sowing was affected by heavy monsoon rains. According to primary estimates, a majority of the over 8 lh area affected by the heavy rain has been under cotton.

The second round of cotton sowing is underway, but in some places, sowing has not been possible due to in-

> undation. In North India, concerns over the cotton crop have been

raised over extended moist weather and pink bollworm attack. Sushil Phutela, director, Indian Cotton Association Limited, said "Punjab has big worry on pink bollworm. There is a widespread presence of the

(With inputs from Vishwanath Kulkarni, Bengaluru; KV Kurmanath, Hyderabad; Radheshyam Jadhav, Pune; and Subramani Mancombu, Chennai)

This is the sixth in the series of kharif crop outlook. Tomorrow:

Govt to restrict maida, suji exports from Aug 14

Jump in export of these products in last 2 months one of the factors behind move

PRABHUDATTA MISHRA

New Delhi, August 8

The Centre on Monday announced that the export of maida and suji will be allowed only after an interministerial panel approves it, effectively restricting their shipments a month after a similar notification for atta (wheat flour) was issued.

Wheat product exports were 95,094 tonnes in April, valued at ₹314 crore, and 1.02 lakh tonnes in May, worth ₹287 crore.

There is no separate category for atta, maida and suji as all are categorised as wheat or meslin flour under HS code 1101.

According to trade sources, atta export in retail packs is not more than 75,000 tonnes per year as it is mostly consumed by Indi-

ans abroad. The export of all items — atta, maida, semolina (rava/sirgi), wholemeal atta and resultant atta - is subject to the recommendation of the Inter-Ministerial Committee (IMC) constituted for allowing the export of wheat, the Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) said in a notification.

"Export of all the shipments approved by IMC shall be allowed subject to the issuance of Quality Certificate by Export Inspection Council (EIC) or its EIAs at Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata," DGFT said.

No transitional arrangement

Stating that the notification will come into effect from August 14, DGFT said a transitional arrangement shall not be applicable under this

Wheat product exports were 95,094 tonnes in April, valued at ₹314 crore, and 1.02 lakh tonnes in May, worth ₹287 crore.

notification. It further clarified that consignments of maida and semolina will be allowed to be exported till August 14 if "loading on the ship has commenced before this notification or handed over to the Customs before the notification and is registered in their system Necessary

modalities with regard to quality of these restricted items will be notified separately, officials said.

"It was inevitable after the government was pointed out the error in restricting atta in place of maida," said

a trader. The jump in export of maida and other products in June and July (over 2 lakh tonnes) also one of the factors for the decision. sources said.

As atta permit is yet to be issued, it is difficult to say if the government will ever allow shipments of maida and semolina, traders said.

Wheat exports were banned in May as an unseasonal heat wave had affected the crop leading to a spike in domestic prices.

international While prices of wheat have eased in recent times, no such impact has been seen in India.

New oil palm hybrid promises higher yield

To be imported by 3F Oil Palm from Malaysia, Costa Rica, this variety will yield in 24 months

KV KURMANATH

A new oil palm hybrid seed sprout, which is being imported by 3F Oil Palm from Malaysia and Costa Rica, promises to significantly change the oil palm yields in the country.

The company, which is among the top-3 palm oil producers in the country, said the new three-way crossed hybrid could bring down the yielding time to 24 months from 36 months. The long gestation period is one of the key entry barriers for farmers

to take up the plantation. As the country begins a

mission to achieve self-reliance in the production of palm oil, 3F Oil Palm says it is planning to cover 5,000-7,500 hectares with the new hybrid saplings.

To begin with, the company distributed the saplings to farmers in Andhra Pradesh recently ahead of the 2022-23 planting season.

"We have entered into an agreement with a couple of players in Malaysia and Costa Rica. Under this agreement, our scientists worked with them to develop the seed sprouts that suit our weather conditions," Sanjay Goenka, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of Oil Limited, Palm told BusinessLine.

Among the new releases by

the company is CALIX Q6, which is the first genetically tested seed produced in the oil palm market Sime Darby

Drought-resistant

Besides offering yields in 24 months after planting, it reduces maintenance costs and increases yields. Also, it helps the plants withstand punishing summer temperatures and bouts of drought, he said.

Each hectare would require about 140 saplings, with each costing about "The yield per acre could

go up to 17-18 tonnes an acre against the present yield of 10 tonnes," Goenka said.

Raising acreage

The company, which has an aggregate acreage of 33,000 hectares in different States, is planning to increase the acreage to 1.50 lakh hectares.

"We will be adding new acreage every year to reach 1.50 lakh hectares over the next 5-7 years," he said.

As it increases acreage, the company is also enhancing its processing capacities. "We are planning to double the processing capacity to 150 tonnes an hour in the next two years from the present capacity of 75 tonnes an hour," he said.

+ Rains hit Kochi tea sales; Parliamentary panel raises concern demand subdued

V SAJEEV KUMAR

Heavy rains and a flood-like situation in Kerala has affected the Kochi tea auction market, leading to a subdued demand from local buyers and loose tea traders.

The offered quantities in CTC dust in sale 31 were lower at 8,57,657 kg and traders expect arrivals to decline further in the wake of rains in the high ranges.

However, the active participation of Kerala State Civil Supplies Corporation and private companies, including Indcoserve, are holding the market by procuring 72 per cent of the total quantities sold. Supplyco purchased close to two lakh tonnes, purportedly for the inclusion of tea in the food kits to be supplied by the State Government through PDS for the ensuing Onam festival. The State-owned



company is expected to procure 8 lakh kg before the festival season to meet the demand, traders said.

Dusts rule low

The upcountry buying was selective, while exporters absorbed more quantities compared with last week. But, their purchase was confined to the bottom of the market. Forbes, Ewart, and Figgis said good liquoring teas appreciated more compared to highpriced teas. High-priced and popular marks were firm and irregularly dearer by ₹2-3 a kg.

over poor quality imports from Nepal

V SAIEEV KUMAR

The Parliamentary Standing Committee on Commerce has taken a serious note of the influx of fake Darjeeling tea from Nepal. It has recommended reviewing and revisiting the Indo-Nepal treaty to incorporate stringent requirements for certificate of origin on such tea imports.

Tabling its 171st report on issues affecting the Indian tea industry, especially in the Darjeeling region, the panel headed by V Vijayasai Reddy asked the Government to undertake strong and vigilant measures to counter the import of low quality and cheap tea from neighbouring countries. It sought establishment of an NABL accredited Quality Control Lab in Darjeeling to ensure

imports conform to set quality

The panel also called for an investigation by the Directorate-General of Trade Remedies into the dumping of teas from Nepal and suggested remedial measures, including imposition of anti-dumping duty on imported

Diluting brand image

The Committee said the unrestricted influx of substandard tea from Nepal is jeopardising the domestic industry. Inferior imports from Nepal were being sold and re-exported as premium Darjeeling Tea, which was not only affecting India's global brand image, but also impacting domestic prices. Import of poor quality produce posed a threat to tea pro-



duction and the livelihood of small growers in the region.

GI tagged Darjeeling Tea known as the 'Champagne of Teas' — yields a high export price. However, production has been hit by various issues, including dumping of substandard and spurious tea from neighbouring countries, especially Nepal, delay in release of subsidies, low wages

and absenteeism by labourers. Wrongful branding of large volumes of inferior tea from

Nepal as Darjeeling tea, was undercutting the premium price commanded by authentic Darjeeling tea in the global markets. Of the total tea imports of 27.75

million kg to India in FY21, the contribution from Nepal was 10.74 million kg, compared to 7.29 million kg in FY20.

Wage revision

The Committee has also taken serious note of the meagre wages of tea workers in Darjeeling and other areas of North Bengal. The panel asked the Government to make every effort for an upward revision of wages and fixing of a minimum daily wage for tea

dips at ₹298 and ₹293 COMMODITY CALL

The short-term outlook for the

MCX zinc: Go long on

GURUMURTHY K

zinc futures contract traded on the Multi Commodity Exchange (MCX) is bullish. The contract has risen sharply over the last two weeks, breaking above the crucial resistance level of ₹290. It is currently trading at ₹307.5 per kg. Though the broader outlook is bullish, a key resistance is coming up at ₹315. This level can be tested in the coming days. However, it might hold and cap the upside for now.

Traders with a short-term perspective can wait for dips. Go long at ₹298 and accumulate at ₹293. Keep the stop-loss ₹286. Trail the stop-loss up to



₹301 as soon as the contract moves up to ₹306. Move the stop-loss further up to ₹308 as soon as the contract touches ₹311. Book profits at ₹313.

There is a good chance the contract will consolidate in the ₹290-315 range for a few weeks. A breakout on either side of this range will then determine the next leg of move. A break above ₹315 can take the contract up to ₹340. On the other hand, a break below ₹290 will increase the downside pressure and dragthe contract down to ₹275.

Deep-tech start-up Ecozen focusing on climate-smart solutions for farming

SUBRAMANI RA MANCOMBU

Chennai, August 8 deep-tech Climate-smart start-up Ecozen has focussed on climate-resilient and Internet of Things (IoT)-enabled devices such as motor pumps and cooling systems, to make agriculture sustainable and to double production.

In turn, these systems have helped in generating one billion units of clean energy.

Devendra Gupta, CEO and Co-founder, Ecozen, told BusinessLine his company has developed irrigation motor pumps and a cooling system that can be installed near farms to keep commodities

No worries over power cut "Our smart pump system called Ecotron provides reli-

able and optimal irrigation; solar panels lay to rest concerns about power cuts and maintenance issues. The Ecofrost storage solution reduces wastage of produce since it uses clean energy," Gupta said.

Ecozen, which recently raised ₹54 crore of additional



Devendra Gupta, CEO and Co-founder, Ecozen

funding as the first tranche of the planned ₹200-crore Series C round, has set up 80,000 such pumps that leverage embedded IoT, predictive analytics and advanced motor controls, to help improve irrigation efficiency and agricultural profitability.

"Earlier, farmers had to wait for power supply to operate these pumps, but our pump system is linked to solar panels.

Thermal storage tech "We developed this techno-

logy in 2012-13. We visited our customer farmers and in 18 months were able to turn barpends on the size and State ren land lush green. It also imwhere it is installed," Gupta proved their incomes," the

Ecozen CEO said. The deeptech firm, which has got funding from Dare Ventures of Coromandel International, apart from Caspian and Hivos-Triodos Fonds (managed by Triodos Investment Management) through equity, is the first globally, to commercially deploy its cooling system using innovative thermal energy storage technology.

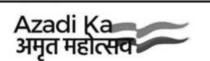
"We deploy IoT to control temperature and alert the user of any problem that the device is likely to face. About 500 such cooling systems have been set up, with 25-30 farmer producer organisations (FPOs) installing them," If the cooling system is

would cost less than ₹1 a kg for the growers, Gupta said, adding that his company was looking to take these technologies beyond farms. "Industries such as nonbanking finance companies can pay per user. The cost de-

taken on lease from Ecozen, it

National Aluminium Company Limited (A Government of India Enterprise)

Nalco Bhawan, P/1, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-751 013, Odisha, India CIN: L27203OR1981GOI000920 A NAVRATNA COMPANY



EXTRACTS OF FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| EXTRACTS OF FINANCIAE RESOLTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SONE SO, 2022 | | | | | | | | (Rs. In Crore | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| SI. No. | | Standalone | | | | Consolidated | | | | |
| | Particulars | Quarter Ended | | | Year Ended | Quarter Ended | | | Year Ended | |
| SI. 14U. | Paruculars | 30/06/2022 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | 30/06/2021 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | 30/06/2022 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | 30/06/2021 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | |
| 1. | Total Income from Operations | 3,783.32 | 4,340.82 | 2,474.55 | 14,180.81 | 3,783,32 | 4,340.82 | 2,474.55 | 14,180.81 | |
| 2. | Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and /or Extraordinary items) | 778.05 | 1,368.06 | 461.61 | 3,954.87 | 778.05 | 1,368.06 | 461.61 | 3,954.87 | |
| 3. | Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and /or Extraordinary items) | 778.05 | 1,368.06 | 461.61 | 3,954.87 | 757.32 | 1,367.84 | 461.36 | 3,954.31 | |
| 4. | Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and /or Extraordinary items) | 578.64 | 1,025.68 | 347.73 | 2,951.97 | 557.91 | 1,025.46 | 347.48 | 2,951.41 | |
| 5. | Total Comprehensive Income for the period Comprising Profit/Loss for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax) | 576.96 | 1,033.25 | 346.23 | 2,975.92 | 556.23 | 1,033.03 | 345.98 | 2,975.36 | |
| 6. | Equity Share Capital | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | |
| 7. | Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year | H | * | # | 11,636.32 | * | * | 1 100 | 11,634.07 | |
| 8. | Earnings Per Share (before extraordinary items) (of Rs.5/- each) (not annualised): | | | | | | | | | |
| | Basic (Rs.) II. Diluted (Rs.) | 3.15 3.15 | 5.58 5.58 | 1.89 1.89 | 16.07 16.07 | 3.04 3.04 | 5.58 5.58 | 1.89 1.89 | 16.07 16.07 | |

The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the above financial results are available on the website of respective stock exchanges, www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com; and Company's website, www.nalcoindia.com.

- 1. The Financial results have been reviewed by the Audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meeting held on 8th August, 2022. Limited review as required under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has been carried out by the statutory auditors of the Company.
- 2. The consolidated financials for the quarter ended 30th June, 2022 does not include the financials of M/s. Khanij Bidesh India Limited, the joint venture company, due to non-availability of its financials 3. The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 8th August 2022 has recommended final dividend of Rs1.50/- per equity share (30% on face value of Rs.5/- each) amounting to Rs. 275.49 crore for the FY 2021-22.
- 4. The figures of the quarter ended 31st March 2022 are the balancing figures in respect of the audited full financial year ended 31st March 2022 and the unaudited published year to date figures up to the third quarter
- ended 31" December 2021
- 5. Figures pertaining to previous periods have been regrouped, recasted and rearranged, wherever necessary.

Chairman-cum-Managing Director

(Shri Sridhar Patra)



Nalco Bhawan, P/1, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-751 013, Odisha, India CIN: L27203OR1981GOI000920 A NAVRATNA COMPANY



EXTRACTS OF FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Rs. In Crore)

| SI. No. | | Standalone | | | | Consolidated | | | |
|---------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Particulars | Quarter Ended | | | Year Ended | Quarter Ended | | | Year Ended |
| SI. NO. | Paruculars | 30/06/2022 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | 30/06/2021 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | 30/06/2022 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) | 30/06/2021 (Unaudited) | 31/03/2022 (Audited) |
| 1. | Total Income from Operations | 3,783.32 | 4,340.82 | 2,474.55 | 14,180.81 | 3,783.32 | 4,340.82 | 2,474.55 | 14,180.81 |
| 2. | Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and /or Extraordinary items) | 778.05 | 1,368.06 | 461.61 | 3,954.87 | 778.05 | 1,368.06 | 461.61 | 3,954.87 |
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| 6. | Equity Share Capital | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 | 918.32 |
| 7. | Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year | - | - | - | 11,636.32 | | | - | 11,634.07 |
| 8. | Earnings Per Share (before extraordinary items) (of Rs.5/- each) (not annualised): | | | | | | | | |
| | I. Basic (Rs.) II. Diluted (Rs.) | 3.15 3.15 | 5.58 5.58 | 1.89 1.89 | 16.07 16.07 | 3.04 3.04 | 5.58 5.58 | 1.89 1.89 | 16.07 16.07 |

The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the above financial results are available on the website of respective stock exchanges, www.nseindia.com; and Company's website, www.nalcoindia.com.

Notes:

- The Financial results have been reviewed by the Audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meeting held on 8th August, 2022. Limited review as required under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements). Regulations, 2015 has been carried out by the statutory auditors of the Company.
- 2. The consolidated financials for the quarter ended 30th June, 2022 does not include the financials of M/s. Khanij Bidesh India Limited, the joint venture company, due to non-availability of its financials.
- 3. The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 8th August 2022 has recommended final dividend of Rs.1.50/- per equity share (30% on face value of Rs.5/- each) amounting to Rs. 275.49 crore for the FY 2021-22.
- The figures of the quarter ended 31st March 2022 are the balancing figures in respect of the audited full financial year ended 31st March 2022 and the unaudited published year to date figures up to the third quarter ended 31st December 2021.
- 5. Figures pertaining to previous periods have been regrouped, recasted and rearranged, wherever necessary.

Place : Bhubaneswar Dated : 8th August, 2022 (Shri Sridhar Patra) Chairman-cum-Managing Director

Dharitri-09.08.2022